MAXIMUS DEVELOPMENTS AUSTRALIA

TOWN PLANNING / URBAN DESIGN / PROJECT MANAGEMENT

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STATEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

5-9 BENAROON ROAD BELMORE NSW 2192

CHANGE OF USE TO PLACE OF PUBLIC WORSHIP SEEKING TWELVE (12) MONTH TRIAL USE



PROJECT DETAILS

Legal Description	C/1/DP13891	Property Address	5-9 Benaroon Road
			Belmore NSW 2192
Project Reference	2024-927		
Date	Nov 2024	Revision	E
Architect	3DA	Client	Mr William Poveda

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PROPOSAL

The proposal seeks development consent via a development application (DA) for the change of use to a place of public worship for a twelve (12) month trial period on land known as 5-9 Benaroon Road, Belmore NSW 2192. The tenancy is located on the ground floor. This Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE) has been prepared in accordance with the Statutory considerations of Schedule 1 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 (as amended). A site inspection has occurred of the site and the immediate surrounding area in preparation of this planning report.

This Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE) is to be read in conjunction with the following accompanying supplementary documentation as listed below;

Table 1: List of supplementary documentation

Document	Author	Reference	Date
BCA Report	BCA Matters	Rev 0	19.05.24
Architectural Plans	3DA	A001-A301	2024
		Amended Basement	
		Plan	
Plan of Management	Maximus	Rev A	Nov 2024
	Developments		
	Australia		
Noise Impact	Koikas Acoustics	6198	May 2024
Assessment			
Annual Fire Safety	ASAP Fire		02/04/2024
Statement			
Traffic Impact	SALUQ		Oct 2024
Assessment			

Report Summary

Table 2.1: Strategic Context

Strategic Direction	Authority	Proposal meets objectives and spirit of plan
A Plan for Growing Sydney	NSW Department of	Yes
	Planning	
Canterbury-Bankstown Community	City of Canterbury-	Yes
Strategic Plan 2028	Bankstown	
Canterbury-Bankstown Local Environmental	City of Canterbury-	Yes
Plan 2023	Bankstown	

Table 2.2: Evaluation Planning considerations

Planning Considerations	Compliance
State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPP's)	Yes
Canterbury-Bankstown Local Environmental Plan 2023	Yes
Canterbury-Bankstown Development Control Plan 2023	Yes

Table 3.3: Key Impacts and Considerations

Consideration	Comment	Compliance
Character, bulk and scale	No change to existing built form as the proposal seeks a change to use within an existing building. The proposal seeks signage which is commensurate of other places of public worship within the locality.	Yes
Car parking	The proposal seeks to utilise existing car parking spaces on site which are considered to reasonably cater for the congregation.	Yes
Trees and landscaping	No change to existing.	Yes
Overshadowing / Solar access	No change to existing as the built form is unchanged.	Yes
Stormwater	The proposed use seeks a change of use, no change to external building works are proposed.	Yes

Privacy	The proposal is not considered to result in any unreasonable privacy impacts given that the use relates to a ground floor premises	Yes
Acoustic	The proposal is not considered to result in any unreasonable acoustic impacts given the use. A noise impact assessment accompanies this application in support of the proposal.	Yes

Research Background

The proposal has taken in consideration with the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 (as amended), State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021, State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021, State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021, State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry And Employment) 2021, Canterbury-Bankstown Local Environmental Plan 2023 and Canterbury-Bankstown Development Control Plan 2023 (as amended).

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PART A: Site Description and Proposal

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PART A: SITE DESCRIPTION AND PROPOSAL

Description of subject site

The subject site is legally described as Lots C,D,E/1/13891 and is known as 5-9 Benaroon Road, Belmore NSW 2192. The property comprises of three (3) tenancies and basement car parking below. A childcare centre occupies the upper levels of the building. The extent of the works relate to a ground floor tenancy. This is accessed from the front western frontage. The site is located on a local road being Benaroon Road, Belmore NSW 2192.



Fig. 1 Photograph of subject site viewed from Benaroon Road Belmore (Source: Maximus Developments Australia, 2024).

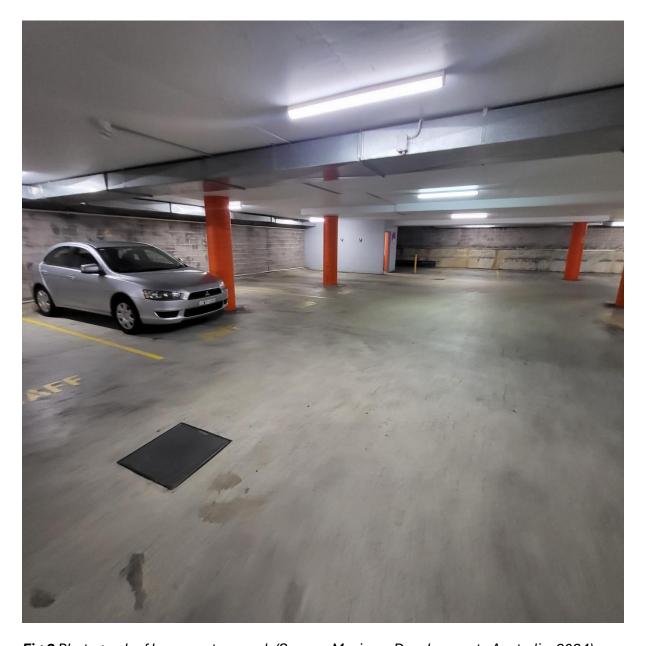


Fig.2 Photograph of basement car park (Source: Maximus Developments Australia, 2024)



Fig 3. Aerial extract: Subject site and surrounding area (Metromap, 2024).



Fig 4. Zoning Extract of subject site which is IN2 Light Industrial under the Canterbury-Bankstown Local Environmental Plan 2023 (Source Department of Planning, NSW Planning Portal 2024).

Surrounding Context

The immediate surrounding context is of comprises of a mixture of industrial IN2 bound by Benaroon Road and Lakemba and the remainder forming residential uses. SP2 Rail Infrastructure is located further to the south of the site. It is noted that the childcare centre is locate within the same building. The childcare centre approved under DA-145/2016 does not operate at the same time as the proposed place of public worship.

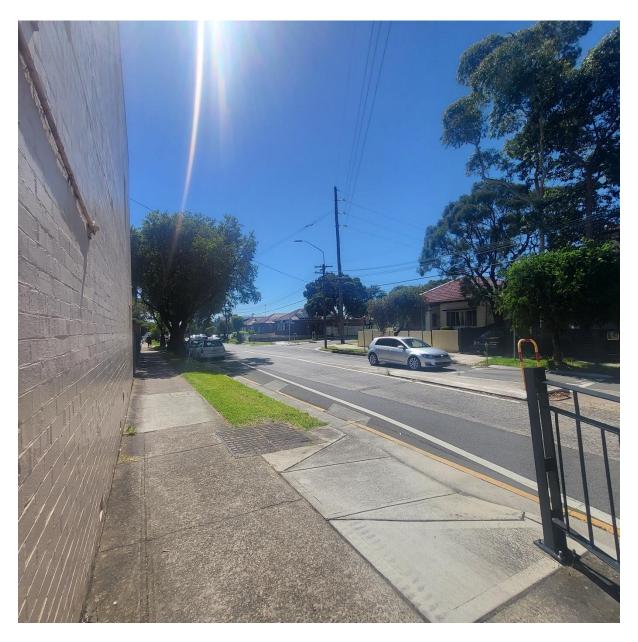


Fig. 5 Photograph of immediate surrounding context (Source: Maximus Developments Australia, 2024).

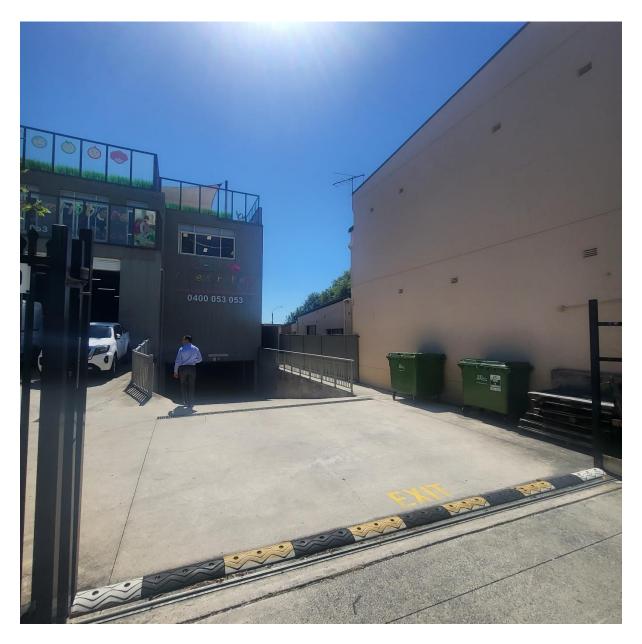


Fig. 6 Photograph of immediate surrounding context (Source: Maximus Developments Australia, 2024).



Fig. 7 Photograph of immediate surrounding context (Source: Maximus Developments Australia, 2024).

Site History

Council's records indicate that the site has been historically used for an industrial building of which comprises of a childcare centre on the upper levels and industrial uses on the ground level.

Description of proposal

The proposal seeks development consent for the change of use to a place of public worship on land known as 5-9 Benaroon Road, Belmore NSW 2192. The tenancy is located on the ground floor southern end of the building.

The proposal seeks the use as a place of public worship.

Hours of operation: Monday - Friday: 7:00pm-8:30pm, Saturday: 5.00pm-6:30pm

and Sunday: 10am-11:30am.

Note: There will be no activities held after mass services. There are no additional services, activities other than that specified above.

2 x signage along the western front elevation dimensioned 1.3m x 7.5 and 3m x 2m wall signage.

The proposed change of use seeks a twelve (12) month trial period.

Table 5: Key summary of proposal

Criterion	Proposed	
Hours of operation	Monday-Friday: 7:00pm-8:30pm (small prayer service)	
	Saturday: 5.00pm-6:30pm (mass service)	
	Sunday: 10am-11:30am (mass service)	
Car parking	Four (4) allocated car parking spaces, fourteen (14) spaces	
	allocated for use by childcare centre*	
Congregation size	70	

There are four (4) allocated car parking spaces on site. An additional fourteen (14) spaces have been made available with consent of the owner and operator the childcare centre of which the childcare centre does not operate as the same hours as the proposed place of public worship at night and on weekends. These spaces will be made to be accessible when the childcare centre is not in operation.

It is noted that development consent DA-145/2016 granted for fit out and usage as a child care centre for 80 children and associated signage was approved on 1 December 2016.

Condition 4.1 states the following:

The hours of operation of the childcare centre premises is restricted to between 7.00am – 6.00pm, Monday to Friday excluding public holidays.

It noted that the approved Plan of Management does not make any reference to limitation of access to the car spaces.

The proposed car parking usage does not conflict with the hours of operation.

PART B: STATUTORY CONSIDERATIONS

PART 4 DIVISION 4.3 SECTION 4.15 (1)(A)(I) ANY ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING INSTRUMENT

ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979 (AS AMENDED)

The proposal has been considered against Section 1.3 Objects of the Act as per below;

Table 6: Objects of the Act

Object Reference	Object	Comment	Satisfies objective
(a)	To promote the social and economic welfare of the community and a better environment by the proper management, development and conservation of the State's natural and other resources,	To the proposal is considered not to result in any adverse impacts in relation to natural and other resources.	Yes
(b)	To facilitate ecologically sustainable development by integrating relevant economic, environmental and social considerations in decision-making about environmental planning and assessment,	The proposal is not considered to be contrary to any economic, environmental and social considerations.	Yes
(c)	To promote the orderly and economic use and development of land	The proposal results in results in results in results in orderly economic use of which forms a permissible use as a place of public worship within an existing building.	Yes
(d)	To promote the delivery and maintenance of affordable housing,	N/A	N/A
(e)	To protect the environment, including the conservation of threatened and other species of native animals and plants, ecological communities and their habitats	No impact to trees.	N/A

(f)	To promote the sustainable management of built and cultural heritage (including Aboriginal cultural heritage),	The site is not affected by European or Aboriginal cultural heritage. An interim heritage order does not	N/A
		apply to the site.	
(g)	To promote good design and amenity of the built environment	No change to existing built form.	Yes
(h)	To promote the sharing of the responsibility for environmental planning and assessment between the different levels of government in the State	Noted.	Yes
(i)	To provide increased opportunity for community participation in environmental planning and assessment.	To be notified in accordance with the provisions of the Canterbury Bankstown Community Engagement Strategy.	Yes

As per the table above, the proposal is considered to reasonably satisfy the underlying intent of the Objects of the Act.

ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT REGULATIONS 2021 (AS AMENDED)

The application has been prepared in accordance with the Statutory requirements within Schedule 1 and is considered to be acceptable and sufficient for the purposes of assessment.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICIES

The proposal has been considered in accordance with the key considerations of the following appliable State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPP's) as follows;

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (RESILIENCE AND HAZARDS) 2021

The subject site has been recently redeveloped to a modern industrial complex. It is considered that considerations under the SEPP equivalent would have been considered at the time of the assessment of the building with basement. The proposal seeks a change of use and no excavation works, on this basis it is considered the proposal is not inconsistent with the considerations of the SEPP.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (INDUSTRY AND EMPLOYMENT) 2021

The proposal has been considered in accordance with the relevant provisions within the SEPP. The proposal seeks wall signage for two (2) signs which states the name of the place of public worship. This is of a plain and simple legible font which is not illuminated with clear black lettering. No other signage is proposed. This has been designed to be clear and uncluttered with a direct aspect to Benaroon Road, Belmore NSW 2192.

Part 3.6 Granting of consent to signage

A consent authority must not grant development consent to an application to display signage unless the consent authority is satisfied—

- (a) that the signage is consistent with the objectives of this Chapter as set out in section 3.1(1)(a), and
- (b) that the signage the subject of the application satisfies the assessment criteria specified in Schedule 5.
 - 3.1 Aims, objectives etc
 - (1) This Chapter aims—
 - (a) to ensure that signage (including advertising)—
 - (i) is compatible with the desired amenity and visual character of an area, and
 - (ii) provides effective communication in suitable locations, and
 - (iii) is of high quality design and finish, and
 - (b) to regulate signage (but not content) under Part 4 of the Act, and
 - (c) to provide time-limited consents for the display of certain advertisements, and
 - (d) to regulate the display of advertisements in transport corridors, and
 - (e) to ensure that public benefits may be derived from advertising in and adjacent to transport corridors.
 - (2) This Chapter does not regulate the content of signage and does not require consent for a change in the content of signage.

1 Character of the area

- Is the proposal compatible with the existing or desired future character of the area or locality in which it is proposed to be located?
- Is the proposal consistent with a particular theme for outdoor advertising in the area or locality?

<u>Comment:</u> The proposal seeks two (2) business identification signs which is located along the western front elevation. This sign is viewable from the Street and is not considered to be inconsistent with similar signage for other place of public worship

within the locality. The size and scale of the signage is not considered to detract from the presentation to the street.

2 Special areas

• Does the proposal detract from the amenity or visual quality of any environmentally sensitive areas, heritage areas, natural or other conservation areas, open space areas, waterways, rural landscapes or residential areas?

<u>Comment:</u> The proposed signage is not considered to detract from the heritage conservation area. The proposed signage is a simple design with a white background and text which is clean and uncluttered.

3 Views and vistas

- Does the proposal obscure or compromise important views?
- Does the proposal dominate the skyline and reduce the quality of vistas?
- Does the proposal respect the viewing rights of other advertisers?

<u>Comment:</u> The signage is not considered to dominate the skyline or affect any views whereby the signage is located below the first floor level and does not obstruct any other neighbouring signage.

4 Streetscape, setting or landscape

- Is the scale, proportion and form of the proposal appropriate for the streetscape, setting or landscape?
- Does the proposal contribute to the visual interest of the streetscape, setting or landscape?
- Does the proposal reduce clutter by rationalising and simplifying existing advertising?
- Does the proposal screen unsightliness?
- Does the proposal protrude above buildings, structures or tree canopies in the area or locality?
- Does the proposal require ongoing vegetation management?

<u>Comment:</u> The proposed signage is considered to be appropriate and proportionate to the building and streetscape. The signs proposed which is considered to be reasonable and uncluttered which are commensurate of that of other signs for places of pubic worship within the locality.

5 Site and building

• Is the proposal compatible with the scale, proportion and other characteristics of the site or building, or both, on which the proposed signage is to be located?

- Does the proposal respect important features of the site or building, or both?
- Does the proposal show innovation and imagination in its relationship to the site or building, or both?

<u>Comment:</u> The proposed signage size and scale is considered to be appropriate and proportionate to the proposed building and streetscape.

6 Associated devices and logos with advertisements and advertising structures

• Have any safety devices, platforms, lighting devices or logos been designed as an integral part of the signage or structure on which it is to be displayed?

Comment: As per Australian Standards.

7 Illumination

- Would illumination result in unacceptable glare?
- Would illumination affect safety for pedestrians, vehicles or aircraft?
- Would illumination detract from the amenity of any residence or other form of accommodation?
- Can the intensity of the illumination be adjusted, if necessary?
- Is the illumination subject to a curfew?

Comment: The proposed signage is not proposed to be illuminated.

8 Safety

- Would the proposal reduce the safety for any public road?
- Would the proposal reduce the safety for pedestrians or bicyclists?
- Would the proposal reduce the safety for pedestrians, particularly children, by obscuring sightlines from public areas?

<u>Comment:</u> The proposed signage will not interfere with the pedestrian and vehicular safety given its location and height clearance.

In this regard, given the above the proposal is considered to satisfy the requirements of the SEPP.

CANTERBURY-BANKSTOWN LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL PLAN 2012 (AS AMENDED)

The proposal has been considered against the following provisions.

Section 1.2 Aims of the Plan

The proposal has been considered in accordance with the relevant aims (in bold) as follows;

- 1.2 Aims of Plan
- (1) This Plan aims to make local environmental planning provisions for land in Canterbury-Bankstown in accordance with the relevant standard environmental planning instrument under section 3.20 of the Act.
- (2) The particular aims of this Plan are as follows—
- (aa) to protect and promote the use and development of land for arts and cultural activity, including music and other performance arts,
- (a) to manage growth in a way that contributes to the sustainability of Canterbury-Bankstown,
- (b) to protect landforms and enhance vegetation, especially foreshores and bushland, in a way that maintains the biodiversity values and landscape amenity of Canterbury-Bankstown,
- (c) to identify, conserve and protect the Aboriginal, natural, cultural and built heritage of Canterbury-Bankstown,
- (d) to provide development opportunities that are compatible with the desired future character and amenity of Canterbury-Bankstown,
- (e) to restrict development on land that is sensitive to urban and natural hazards,
- (f) to provide a range of residential accommodation to meet the changing needs of the population,
- (g) to provide a range of business and industrial opportunities to encourage local employment and economic growth and retain industrial areas,
- (h) to create vibrant town centres by focusing employment and residential uses around existing centres and public transport,
- (i) to provide a range of recreational and community service opportunities and open spaces to meet the needs of residents of and visitors to Canterbury-Bankstown,
- (j) to achieve good urban design in terms of site layouts, building form, streetscape, architectural roof features and public and private safety,
- (k) to ensure activities that may generate intensive car usage and traffic are located near public transport that runs frequently to reduce dependence on cars and road traffic,

- (l) to consider the cumulative impact of development on the health of the natural environment and waterways and on the capacity of infrastructure and the road network,
- (m) to support healthy living and enhance the quality of life and the social well-being and amenity of the community,
- (n) to ensure development is accompanied by appropriate infrastructure,
- (o) to promote ecologically sustainable development.

<u>Comment:</u> The proposal seeks development consent fo a place of public worship within an existing building given the above the proposal is considered to reasonably satisfy the Aims of the Plan.

The proposal adequately satisfies the underlying IN2 Light Industrial objectives as follows;

- To provide a wide range of light industrial, warehouse and related land uses.
- To encourage employment opportunities and to support the viability of centres.
- To minimise any adverse effect of industry on other land uses.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of workers in the area.
- To support and protect industrial land for industrial uses.
- To promote a high standard of urban design and local amenity.

Given the above, the proposal is considered to be consistent with the IN2 Light Industrial Zone objectives.

Table: Canterbury-Bankstown Local Environmental Plan 2023

Control	Requirement	Proposal	Complies
Land Use Table	IN2 – Light Industrial	Place of public worship forms a permissible prescribed use within the zone with development consent. Development consent is sought forming this	Yes

		development application.	
4.3 Height of buildings	N/A	No change to existing.	Yes
4.4 Floor Space Ratio	1:1	No change to existing.	Yes
4.5 Calculation of Floor Space Ratio and Site Area	Calculation to be undertaken as per defined for floor space ratio and site area.	Calculated as per definition clause.	Yes
6.2 Earthworks	Objectives to be satisfied	No change to existing.	Yes
6.4 Stormwater	Objectives relating to stormwater to be satisfied	No change to existing.	Yes
6.6 Essential Services	Objectives relating to essential services to be satisfied; (a) the supply of water, (b) the supply of electricity, (c) the disposal and management of sewage, (d) stormwater drainage or on-site conservation, (e) waste management, (f) suitable vehicular access.	Essential services such as water, electricity, disposal of sewerage, drainage and suitable vehicular access provided in accordance with the requirements of this clause in relation to the existing building.	Yes

The proposal complies with the permissibility, zone objectives, Development Standard and considerations under the Canterbury Bankstown Local Environmental Plan 2023.

PART 4 DIVISION 4.3 SECTION 4.15 (1)(A)(II) ANY DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING INSTRUMENT/ DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN

CANTERBURY BANKSTOWN DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2023

Chapter 2.1 Site Analysis

The proposed change of use is consider to be compatible with the immediate surrounding area and uses on site.

Chapter 3.1 Engineering Standards

The proposal does not seek any changes to the building or increase in impervious areas, therefore there is no increase in stormwater impact.

Chapter 3.2 Parking

The proposal has been considered in accordance with the key relevant considerations of this subsection.

Clause	Control	Proposal	Complies
2.1	Places of public worship 1 car space per 5m2 of the assembly area. Car parking for ancillary uses and social/special events must be provided on-site on the basis of a parking study, to be submitted with the development application. Bicycle space: 1 per	Four (4) car parking spaces allocated for tenancy, additional fourteen (14) car spaces from childcare centre can be utilised when not in operation. This equates to a total of eighteen (18) spaces. A traffic report accompanies this development application as additional	Yes, merit.
2.2	20 In calculating the	information.	Yes
2.2	total number of car parking spaces required for development, these must be: (a) rounded down if the fraction of the total calculation is	NOIEU.	165

	lose then half (O.E.) a		
	less than half (0.5) a		
	space;		
	Or (b) rounded up if the		
	(b) rounded up if the		
	fraction of the total		
	calculation is equal		
	or more than half		
	(0.5) a		
	space; and		
	(c) must include a		
	room that is capable		
	of being converted to		
	a bedroom.		
2.3	Development	The site contains a	Yes
	comprising more	mixture of approved	
	than one land use	uses. Existing car	
	must provide the	parking rate has been	
	combined parking	considered in relation	
	requirement based	to uses on site.	
	on the individual		
	rates of parking for		
	each land use		
	identified in the Off-		
	Street Parking		
	Schedule		
2.4	Car parking (and	The proposal does	Yes
	associated space	not seek any	
	such as access	additional car parking	
	aisles) in excess of	spaces which would	
	the Off-Street	be calculated in floor	
	Parking Schedule	space.	
	will be counted as		
	gross floor area		
2.5	Development not	Traffic can be	Yes
	included in the Off-	provided if required.	
	Street Parking		
	Schedule must		
	submit a parking		
	study for Council's		
	consideration. A		
	qualified traffic		
	consultant must		
	prepare the parking		
	study.		
B1.3.2 Accessible	BCA Class 9	One (1) accessible	Yes
Parking Rate		space provided	
•	•		

	C5. In a	within basement on	
	development	site.	
	containing more		
	than 10 spaces,		
	provide 1 (one)		
	accessible parking		
	space for every 25		
	spaces designed		
	and constructed in		
	accordance with AS		
	2890.1.		
	Accessible off-	One (1) accessible	Yes
	street parking rates	space provided on	
		site.	
	2.7 Accessible		
	parking is required to		
	be designed and constructed in		
	accordance with the		
	following rates:		
	Total Willig Talloo.		
	1 accessible parking		
	space per 50 parking		
	spaces for staff;		
	1 accessible parking		
	space for visitors per		
	50 parking spaces		
	where a car park has		
	less than 500		
	spaces;		
	1 additional		
	accessible parking		
	space per 100		
	parking spaces		
	above 500 spaces		
	for visitors		
Section 3 – Design	Parking location	Driveway entry and	Yes
and Layout	3.1 Development	basement as existing.	
	must not locate	No changes	
	entries to car parking or delivery areas:	proposed.	
	or delivery areas.		

	(a) close to intersections and signalised junctions; (b) on crests or curves; (c) where adequate sight distance is not available; (d) opposite parking entries of other buildings that generate a large amount of traffic (unless separated by a raised median island); (e) where right turning traffic entering may obstruct through traffic; (f) where vehicles entering might interfere with operations of bus stops, taxi ranks, loading zones or pedestrian crossings; or (g) where there are obstructions which may prevent drivers from having a clear		
	from having a clear view of pedestrians and vehicles.		
3.2	Parking areas for people with disabilities should be close to an entrance to development. Access from the parking area to the development should be by ramps or	Accessible space located close to lift as existing.	Yes

	lifts where there are		
	separate levels.		
3.4	Council may	No change to	Yes
	consider tandem	proposed existing car	
	parking in the	parking configuration.	
	following situations:		
	(a) Industrial		
	development where		
	the users of the car		
	parking will almost		
	all be Employees (b)		
	High density		
	residential flat		
	buildings, shop top		
	housing and mixed		
	use development if		
	the parking users		
	reside in the same		
	dwelling or the		
	employees		
	work in the same		
	premises.		
	(c) Tandem parking		
	for a maximum of		
	two vehicles is		
	permissible in		
	dwelling houses,		
	dual occupancies,		
	attached dwellings,		
	secondary		
	dwellings, semi-		
	detached		
	dwellings, multi		
	dwelling housing and		
	multi dwelling		
	housing (terraces) if		
	the		
	parking users reside		
	in the same dwelling		
3.5	Tandem parking is	Not existing.	N/A
	not permitted where		
	a high proportion of		
	the users of the car		
	park are visitors or		
	customers.		

3.7	Mechanical parking devices, including car lifts, will not be supported.	No car lift is proposed.	Yes
3.8	Access driveway width and design The location of driveways to properties should allow the shortest, most direct access over the nature strip from the road.	The proposed driveway incorporates the most logical and direct route to the street as existing.	Yes
3.9	The appropriate driveway width is dependent on the type of parking facility, whether entry and exit points are combined or separate, the frontage road type and the number of parking spaces served by the access facility.	Existing driveway contains a two way driveway into the basement as existing.	Yes
3.12	Minimum headroom dimensions Clear headroom dimension is necessary to make sure that vehicles are clear of mechanical or service obstructions such as fire sprinklers, lighting fixtures and signs. Following minimum headroom dimension has to be maintained in all development. Min headroom Cars and light vans: 2.4m	No change to existing.	Yes

	People with disabilities: 2.3m		
3.17	Service vehicles are to enter and leave the site in a forward direction.	Service vehicles can enter and exit in a forward direction as existing.	Yes
3.18	Safety and security Sloping ramps from car parks, garages and other communal areas are to have at least one full car length of level driveway before they intersect pavements and carriageways.	Car park and garages have been appropriately located and designed as existing.	Yes
3.19	Sight distance requirement 3.19 For all development, adequate sight distance must be provided for vehicles exiting driveways. Clear sight lines are to be provided at the street boundary to ensure adequate visibility between vehicles on the driveway and pedestrians on the footway and vehicles on the roadway.	Adequate sight lines provided as existing.	Yes
3.20	Pedestrian access Parking areas should be designed so that through-traffic is excluded, and pedestrian entrances and exits are separate from vehicular entrances and exits.	Pedestrian access forms a shared zoned and is line marked. Access to and from the basement is via a staircase and lift within the shared central lobby.	Yes

3.21	Lifts and stair lobbies should be	Lifts and stair lobbies are to be marked and	Yes
	prominently marked	existing.	
	to help users find		
	them and to		
	increase personal		
	security.		
3.22	In split-level/multi-	A single level car park	Yes
	level car parks, a	is existing.	
	stairway should be located at the split-		
	level, to		
	provide pedestrian		
	access between		
	these levels and		
	eliminate		
	pedestrians having		
	to use		
	vehicular ramps.		
3.26	Provide a mix of	Bicycle storage	Yes
	bicycle storage	provided within the	
	facilities to cater for	basement.	
	short and long stay		
3.27	parking 3.27 Bicycle racks or	Can be provided on	Yes
0.27	stands placed in	site.	103
	open public areas	one.	
	that provide only		
	means to lock one		
	wheel of a bicycle to		
	a fixture is not an		
	acceptable secure		
	arrangement.		
	Devices requiring a		
	wheel to be removed		
	are also not		
3.28	acceptable	Adaguata higyala	Yes
0.20	3.28 Development must incorporate the	Adequate bicycle facilities provided	। ত১
	following elements	and located on site.	
	into the design and		
	location of		
	bicycle parking:		
	(a) all facilities are		
	clearly visible and as		
	close as possible to		

	Τ.		
	the main		
	entrances/exits		
	to the street and		
	within the building;		
	(b) short-stay and		
	visitor parking is at-		
	grade and floor and		
	wall-mounted rails		
	are		
	acceptable;		
	(c) long-stay and		
	resident parking is		
	on the uppermost		
	level of a basement		
	car park;		
	(d) a safe path of		
	travel between		
	bicycle parking and		
	the main		
	entrances/exits is		
	clearly marked;		
	(e) bicycle facilities		
	are not to hinder		
	vehicle and		
	pedestrian		
	movements, or		
	contribute to the		
	likelihood of injury to		
	passing pedestrians;		
	(f) access paths to		
	bicycle parking are a		
	minimum of 1.5m		
	wide for oneway		
	access		
	path to allow the		
	passage of a		
	pedestrian pushing a		
	bicycle; and		
	(g) standardised		
	information signs are		
	to be used to give		
	directions to bicycle		
	parking areas.		
3.29	Bicycle parking	Bicycle parking can	Yes
3.20	facilities are to be	be located within	. 30
	well lit to minimise	SO COOLCOU VVICIIII	
	well at to minimise		

3.30	theft, vandalism, reduce pedestrian hazard and to improve safety of the cyclists. Visitor parking 3.30 Visitor spaces must not be located behind security grills and must be easily accessible.	basement to be well lit. This control generally relates to commercial/shoptop. The nature of the proposal results in secure basement parking on site during the hours of	Yes
3.31	3.31 Clearly mark and signpost visitor parking, and locate on the ground floor where possible, so that it is easy to find and access.	operation. Visitor parking to be sign posted and is existing.	Yes
3.32	3.32 Visitor parking should be located near the main pedestrian entrance to the building and can be located in front of the building alignment, but not encroach upon the front setback areas.	Visitor car parking spaces located near lift and staircase centrally on site and is existing. No change to existing.	Yes
3.33	Basement parking 3.33 Provide ventilation to basement parking. Location and details of mechanical ventilation design must be outlined in applications to Council.	No change to existing.	Yes
3.34	3.34 Design and integrate basement parking so as not to accentuate the	The basement is contained within the building footprint	Yes

		alanca Na diaman	
	scale or bulk of a	above. No change to	
	building, or detract	existing.	
	from the streetscape		
	or front setback		
	character.		
3.37	3.37 Provide secure	Bicycle parking can	Yes
	bicycle parking at	be located within the	
	basement level	basement level.	
	which is easily		
	accessible from		
	ground		
	level, from		
	apartments and		
	other uses within the		
	development.		
3.38	3.38 Keep all loading	No change to existing	Yes
	docks, parking areas	layout.	
	and driveways clear		
	of goods and do not		
	use for storage,		
	including garbage		
	storage, so that free		
	movement is		
	available at all		
	times.		
3.39	3.39 Locate and	No change to existing	Yes
0.00	design so that	layout.	100
	impacts such as	tayout.	
	noise, exhaust		
	fumes and headlight		
	glare, are minimised		
	on adjoining		
	residential uses or		
	residential zoned		
	land.		

In this regard, the proposal is considered to reasonably satisfy the car parking requirements, pedestrian safety and vehicular movement considerations within this subsection. The proposed use is considered to be reasonable given the size of the congregation, alternative hours sought as to minimise impacts on site.

Chapter 3.3 Waste Management

A waste management plan accompanies this development application. It is noted that general waste facilities are provided on site.

Chapter 3.4 Sustainable Development

The proposal seeks the utilisation to of durable materials to prolong the life cycle of the building. Refer to the schedule of materials and finishes.

Chapter 3.6 Signs

It is noted that consideration for signage have been previously considered under SEPP State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry And Employment) 2021 of which are replicated within the DCP. The proposal seeks two (2) business identification sign which faces the street. This is non-illuminated and is not considered to detract from the surrounding area given the design, style and scale of the signage in relation the proposed built form for a place of public worship.

Chapter 10.5 Place of Public Worship.

Clause	Control	Proposal	Complies
2.1	Development	Site analysis plan to	Yes
	applications must	be provided.	
	submit site analysis		
	plans and studies		
	that outline the short		
	and long term		
	proposals for the		
	development of		
	sites. The site		
	analysis plans and		
	studies must consist		
	of a written		
	statement		
	(supported by plans		
	or illustrations)		
	explaining how the		
	design of the		
	development has		
	regard to the		
	following: (a) The		
	overall strategic		
	vision for the site		
	and how the		

selection of the site	
supports the urban	
structure of	
Canterbury-	
Bankstown. (b) (c)	
(d) Staging of the	
development of the	
place of public	
worship. The	
patterns of land	
ownership, the	
patterns of land	
subdivision or	
consolidation and	
the relationship of	
the site to adjoining	
sites. Design	
principles drawn	
from the site	
analysis and the	
local context	
including: (i) context	
and character	
studies; (ii) (iii) (iv) (v)	
(vi) orientation;	
visual assessment of	
the site and the local	
context; survey of	
the site and	
neighbouring	
buildings;	
flora/fauna survey;	
topography,	
drainage, erosion,	
cut and fill; (vii) noise	
pollutants, airborne	
pollutants, toxic	
residues and site	
remediation;	
(viii) bush fire risk	
and flood risk;	
(ix)	
deep soil zones and	
landscaping;	
(x)	
(xi)	

sustainability and energy efficiency outcomes through design; passive surveillance; (xii) traffic, access and parking: • the links between the location of the place of public worship and surrounding pedestrian, cycle, public transport and road access and circulation networks. This includes details of the internal and external movement networks, the public transport access routes, the pedestrian and cycle paths, linkages to external networks and pedestrian throughsite links; assessment of the cumulative traffic impacts of development within the surrounding road network, and the need for internal and external traffic management measures to support the development (including cost and funding responsibilities of such upgrades); visitor off-street set-down and pick-

up areas, parking	
provisions, bus	
stops and	
delivery/emergency	
access;	
parking provisions	
at each stage of the	
development;	
(xiii) built form and	
aesthetics:	
• floor space	
requirements to	
meet function	
requirements;	
the function and	
capacity of each	
building and likely	
hours of	
operation;	
bulk and overall	
unity of the	
development within	
the context;	
• urban design and	
streetscape	
guidelines;	
distribution of the	
land uses, buildings,	
circulation areas,	
fences and	
any public facilities;	
• open space	
provision and	
function, and	
landscaping	
principles;	
(xiv) infrastructure,	
easements and	
stormwater	
management;	
(xv) outcomes of	
social impact	
assessments and	
any relevant	
feasibility studies;	

			<u> </u>
	(xvi) protection of		
	any heritage items or		
	archaeological sites;		
	(xvii) staging of		
	special events		
	including:		
	 calendar dates of 		
	all events;		
	location and		
	capacity;		
	hours of operation;		
	• management plan.		
Section 3 Location and	d Traffic Management		
3.1	Location	The proposed place	Yes
	A place of public	of public worship is	
	worship must	located within an	
	maintain the general	industrial complex.	
	amenity of the area		
3.2	A place of public	The subject site is	Yes
	worship must	located close to	
	optimise the use of	public transport in	
	surrounding and	relation to bus and	
	potential	railway networks.	
	infrastructure, with a		
	particular emphasis		
	on public transport.		
General restrictions or	n development	,	,
3.3	A place of public	Not located near any	Yes
	worship may not be	sex service	
	within reasonable	premises.	
	view of a sex		
	services premises		
	('reasonable view'		
	shall be determined		
	taking into account		
	factors such as		
	topography,		
	vegetation, signage,		
	intervening		
	development and		
	similar factors)		
3.4	The boundary of a	As above.	Yes
	place of public		
	worship should not		
	be within a 100m		
	radius of a sex		

	services premises		
Soction 6 cooustic or	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
·	ivacy and management	No change to	Voc
6.1	Air conditioning,	No change to	Yes
	mechanical	existing air	
	ventilation or any	conditioning.	
	other continuous		
	noise source must		
	not		
	exceed the ambient		
	level at any specified		
	boundary by more		
	than 5dB(A		
6.2	The location and	Acoustic report	Yes
	design of places of	accompanies this	
	public worship must	development	
	consider the	application.	
	projection of		
	noise from various		
	activities to avoid		
	any adverse impacts		
	on the residential		
	amenity of		
	adjoining land. For		
	the purpose of this		
	clause, Council		
	requires		
	development		
	applications to		
	submit an Acoustic		
	Report prepared by a		
	suitably qualified		
	acoustic		
	consultant to		
	determine:		
	(a)		
	(b)		
	(c)		
	existing noise levels		
	at the identified		
	sensitive receiver		
	locations;		
	likely noise levels to		
	emanate from the		
	place of public		
	worship at the		
	identified		

sensitive receiver locations; whether the development must apply measures to ensure noise does not exceed 5dB(A) above the background noise level; (d) (e) (f) whether the location and setbacks of the development are sufficient to protect the acoustic privacy of adjacent dwellings; whether the location of the outdoor areas should avoid living areas and bedrooms of adjacent dwellings; and whether the development must install certain noise attenuation measures to protect the acoustic privacy of adjacent dwellings. The Acoustic Report must measure the noise readings over a 15 minute period and must provide details of all modelling assumptions including source noise data, noise monitoring positions, receiver heights and

	locations, prevailing meteorological conditions during the monitoring, confirmation of the methodology adopted along with a copy of the model input and output data.		
6.3	The maximum height for noise attenuation walls and fences along the boundary of the site is 2m	No screening proposed.	N/A
Hours of Operation Management Plans	Council may limit the hours of operation of places of public worship, public access to places of public worship, and special occasions or events.	Plan of management accompanies this DA.	Yes
6.5	Council requires development applications to submit a Management Plan to determine: (a) hours of operation and days of operation; (b) special events: a detailed calendar of any festivals and special events must be supplied with the application, together with details of the arrangements for parking during these times; (c) number of persons attending at	Plan of management accompanies this development application in relation to the proposed use. (Refer to Plan of Management	Yes

	any one time, including non-worship and ancillary activities, and proposed measures to minimise impacts on the surrounding amenity; (d) expected 'catchment area' from which the congregation will travel; (e) any proposed		
6.6	street parades and road closures. Council must require the operator of a place of public worship in Zone R2 Low Density Residential, Zone R3 Medium Density Residential and Zone R4 High Density Residential to organise and chair a Neighbourhood Liaison Committee. The purpose of the Committee is for the operator and neighbours to resolve any issues, such as traffic and noise, arising from the operation of the place of public worship. The operation of the Committee must ensure: (a) (b)	The site is note located within the specified zones.	N/A

(c) (d) (e) The membership of the Neighbourhood **Liaison Committee** must include residents who live next to and opposite the place of public worship. The Neighbourhood Liaison Committee must meet at least four times during the first 24 months of the place of public worship. The operator of the place of public worship must forward the meeting minutes to Committee members. The operator of the place of public worship may forward the meeting minutes Council for information purposes. The operator of the place of public worship may terminate the Committee once it meets at least four times during the first 24 months of the place of public worship operating, or may choose to extend the function of the

	Committee over a		
	longer		
	period of time.		
6.7	Council may require	Neighbourhood	Yes
	the operator of a	liaison Committee to	
	place of public	be established.	
	worship in zones		
	other than the		
	residential zones to		
	organise and chair a		
	Neighbourhood		
	Liaison Committee.		

Given the above, the proposal is considered to achieve a high level of compliance and is considered to result in a reasonable planning outcome which is commensurate of other places of public worship within the locality.

SECTION 4.15 EVALUATION (3A)

- (3A) Development control plans If a development control plan contains provisions that relate to the development that is the subject of a development application, the consent authority:
- (a) if those provisions set standards with respect to an aspect of the development and the development application complies with those standards—is not to require more onerous standards with respect to that aspect of the development, and
- (b) if those provisions set standards with respect to an aspect of the development and the development application does not comply with those standards—is to be flexible in applying those provisions and allow reasonable alternative solutions that achieve the objects of those standards for dealing with that aspect of the development, and
- (c) may consider those provisions only in connection with the assessment of that development application.

In this subsection, standards include performance criteria

<u>Comment:</u> In relation to the above, the proposal is considered to seeks a variation to the DCP in relation to car parking. Despite this numerical departure, the proposal is considered to satisfy the objectives of the controls and does not result in any unacceptable impacts. The proposal seeks a twelve (12) month trial period consent.

PART 4 DIVISION 4.3 SECTION 4.15 (1)(B) THE LIKELY IMPACTS OF THAT DEVELOPMENT, INCLUDING ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS ON BOTH THE NATURAL AND BUILT ENVIRONMENTS, AND SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC IMPACTS IN THE LOCALITY

Natural Environment Impacts

No unacceptable unreasonable natural environmental impacts are generated by this proposal given the nature of the use within an existing building.

Built Environment Impacts

The proposal is also considered to satisfy and meet the key objectives and intent and requirements of the planning controls given that no external works are proposed with the exception of signage. In this regard, the proposal is not considered to result in any unacceptable unreasonable adverse built environment impacts.

Economic Impacts

The proposal is not considered to result in any unacceptable economic impacts given the proposed use as a place of public worship of which forms a permissible use within the zone.

Social Impacts

The proposal seeks to development consent for a place of public worship for a twelve (12) month trial period. The proposal is not considered to result in any unacceptable social impacts. The hours of operation are considered to be reasonable and commensurate with that of other places of public worship within metropolitan Sydney.

PART 4 DIVISION 4.3 SECTION 4.15 (1)(C) THE SUITABILITY OF THE SITE FOR THE DEVELOPMENT

Suitability of the site

The proposal is considered to be suitable for the subject site and forms a permissible use within the Canterbury Bankstown Local Environmental Plan 2023. The proposal is considered to be appropriate as the proposal adequately satisfies and does not offend the underlying objectives of the applicable planning controls as stated within this report.

PART 4 DIVISION 4.3 SECTION 4.15 (1)(E) THE PUBLIC INTEREST

Public Interest

The proposed development is considered to be in the public interest for the reasons contained within this report. As previously stated the proposal adequately satisfies the underlying

planning objectives of the controls and results in a reasonable planning outcome for the site with no material adverse impacts to the immediate adjoining area.

PART C: CONCLUSION

The proposed change of use to a place of public worship for a twelve (12) month trial use is considered to be appropriate as the considerations against the Statutory provisions have been met. The proposal satisfies the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (as amended), Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 (as amended), State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity And Conservation) 2021, State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport And Infrastructure) 2021, State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry And Employment) 2021, Canterbury Bankstown Local Environmental Plan 2023 and Canterbury Bankstown Development Control Plan 2023. It is considered that the proposal results in a reasonable planning outcome.

Kind regards,

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